University College Dublin



UCD, School of Public Health, Physiotherapy and Sports Science Centre for Food Safety Safety Statement

Rev 1_2024. Issued September 1st 2024 University College Dublin Safety, Insurance, Operational Risk and Compliance (SIRC) Office

This document must be read in conjunction with the <u>University Parent Safety</u> <u>Statement</u>, the <u>College / High-Level Functional Area Safety Statement</u> and the <u>Policy on Health and Safety Management</u>.

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- V1_Revision 0 2022: Issued 01/09/2022
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1.0 Introduction

This document is designed to fulfil the requirements of Section 20 of the *Safety, Health and Welfare at Work Act (No. 10 of 2005)* which requires all employers to prepare a *Safety Statement*.

This document applies to the operations of **the UCD Centre for Food Safety (CFS)** as part of the *UCD School of Public Health, Physiotherapy and Sports Science (SPHPSS) in the* **O'Brien Science Centre** located on the Belfield Campus of *University College Dublin* and to its field operations. The SPHPSS is in part located in the Health Sciences Centre on the *Belfield Campus*.

SPHPSS is located in three principal locations: Woodview House (Public Health, Occupational Safety and Health, Sport and Exercise Management); The Health Science Centre A Block (Physiotherapy, Clinical Nutrition and Dietetics and Human Performance Science) and Newstead (Institute of Sport and Health (ISH)). All are located on the *Belfield Campus*. However, the O'Brien Sciences Centre (South Block) is predominantly utilised by the Centre for Food Safety. It contains offices and laboratories that are used by the CFS.

This document when read in conjunction with the <u>University Parent Safety Statement</u> and relevant risk assessments outlines how the health and safety of staff, students and visitors to the school will be safeguarded.

In situations where Schools within a single College have similar risks then they may use the College Safety Statement as the basis for their safety management. Advice on this approach can be obtained from the <u>SIRC Office.</u>

This document is subjected to bi-annual review by the SPHPSS Safety Committee and is available for consultation to all staff and research students of SPHPSS in an annual review and also when changes in work practices necessitate it or when a safety issues may arise brought to the attention of the SPHPSS Safety Committee.

2.0 SPHPSS located at the Centre for Food Safety Description

The School of Public Health, Physiotherapy and Sports Science (SPHPSS) at UCD has 5 campus locations under direction of the Head of School Associate Professor James Matthews. The Centre for Food Safety (CFS) is a constituent academic research centre within the school under the directorship of Professor Seamus Fanning. It is physically located in the O'Brien Centre for Science South.

The Centre for Food Safety (CFS) at University College Dublin (UCD) was set up in September 2002 following the appointment of Professor Séamus Fanning to the Chair of Food Safety & Zoonoses. Originally a tri-partite structure was created which included the Faculties of Agriculture, Medicine and Veterinary Medicine, with equal rights for all and reflecting the complete food chain. It was envisioned that the UCD-CFS would drive an evolving research agenda using the expertise available from all three faculties. Further, the centre would develop strong visible links with the Irish food industry and regulators alike. Such an inter-disciplinary approach has the inherent capacity to succeed at solving problems in food safety where other approaches have failed. Engaging experts with varied technological backgrounds from across the University, the search for knowledge can be enhanced by a combination of fact-finding with applied solutions and rapid sharing of information with specific stakeholders. This unique academic development ensures that the UCD-CFS provides a focal point where external agencies can seek expert opinion and academic support facilitating an inter-disciplinary collaboration with all stakeholders to achieve common goals in the national interest.

More recently, the UCD Institute of Food & Health (IFH) was launched. This is an all-inclusive collaboration extending from veterinary medicine through to public health, allied with food law. This newly formed Institute has seven major pillars of activity, one of which is Food Safety. Other pillars include Risk Analysis, Food & the Consumer, Food Regulation among others.

Further details can be obtained at https://www.ucd.ie/cfs/ and https://www.ucd.ie/phpss/ and https://www.ucd.ie/cfs/

3.0 Management of Health and Safety within the SPHPSS at the Centre for Food Safety.

University College Dublin is committed to providing a safe place of work for all of its employees and to providing a safe environment for students in which to carry out their studies and associated activities. The University is also committed to ensuring that, in so far as is reasonably practicable, its actions and activities do not have a negative impact on the safety of any third parties. By extension

the SPHPSS extends those commitments to ensuring the occupational safety and health of its employees and students when based in the Centre for Food Safety in the O'Brien Sciences Centre.

Managers and persons who purport to act in any such capacity carry significant responsibilities under the <u>Safety, Health and Welfare At Work Act 2005</u>, as set out in Regulation <u>80(1)</u>. This includes Vice Presidents / College Principals / Heads of Schools / Managers of Facilities / Heads of Units and are are responsible for ensuring or making arrangements to ensure that the activities undertaken within their areas of responsibility are carried out in a safe manner without undue risk to the health and safety of University employees, students or any third parties.

Consequently, there is a significant legal liability placed upon all managers and persons who act as managers by directing the work of others to ensure that all operations under their control are carried out safely. Such persons may consult with the University SIRC Office at any time in order to seek guidance of the management of workplace safety.

Such persons should ensure that they have in place a *Safety Management System* appropriate to the risks and complexity to be found within their areas of control. Further information is available in the UCD University Parent Safety Statement and guidance on implementing such a system can be found in the UCD guidance document <u>Health and Safety Management - A Guide for Managers</u>.

All employees and research students have a duty to cooperate with the University in all matters of health and safety at work and not to endanger the safety of themselves, their co-workers or any other parties through any act or omission that they may undertake. This cooperation is essential to the effective management of safety within the University. In accordance with safety legislation the University expects all employees to take responsibility for their own safety whilst at work and to perform their duties in a safe manner and in accordance with all relevant safe working procedures.

The University encourages employees to become actively involved in safety matters and welcomes all suggestions or comments regarding safety which can be made to the local Safety Committee, where they can be dealt with most efficiently. As part of that process the SPHPSS is committed to ensuring that their Safety Statements are made available annually for consultation with relevant staff and research students that are based in their facilities. The Safety Statements are available through our School website as well as in hard copy in each of the primary locations. All our Local Area Safety Statements fall under the remit and authority of the UCD Parent Safety Statement.

Refer to the <u>University Parent Safety Statement</u> for further details.

4.0 Key Contact Details

<u>Title</u>	<u>Name</u>	Contact Details
Head of School	Dr. James Matthews	(716) 3449
Centre Director	Prof. Seamus Fanning	(716) 2869
Centre Administrator	Ms. Ruth Henry	(716) 6628
School Safety Committee Chair	Mr. Ryan Stewart	(716) 3294
University SIRC Director	Dr. Peter Coulahan	(716) 8768 / 8771
Fire Alarm Maintenance Company	Contact UCD SIRC Office	(716) 8768 / 8771
Fire Extinguisher Maintenance Company	Contact UCD SIRC Office	(716) 8768 / 8771
Student Health Centre		(716) 3133
UCD Chaplaincy		(716) 8372
UCD 24 HR Emergency Line		(716) 7999
Campus Duty Manager		(716) 7666
Campus Services		(716) 7000

First Aiders available to CFS in the O'Brien Science Centre

Name	Extension No.	Location
Lauren Russell	x2073	<i>\$1.12</i>

The school also has first aiders located in all locations utilised by the school that are available within five minutes of the CFS. Emergency First Aid treatment and equipment is available in all

laboratories of the CFS and from the O'Brien Science Centre Administration Office and via the 24hour Emergency line 716 7999.

First aid kit and automated external defibrillator (AED) are available and located in multiple locations in the O'Brien Sciences Centre available to the CFS.

5.0 Employee Safety Representation

University College Dublin is committed to involving and consulting employees in the management of health and safety within the University. To this end the University encourages active participation by employees as Safety Representatives or in a Safety Committee System. The functions of Safety Representatives are to act as a medium for employees within a College / School to raise safety concerns and for the University SIRC Office and College / School Management to impart information on health and safety matters.

Representation on the committee is drawn from a broad spectrum of areas within the school. The Terms of Reference for the SPHPSS Safety Committee outline how each discipline is represented from within the school as well as representatives from specific cohorts / activities which are of relevance to the work of the committee. The committee is currently chaired by Dr. Conor Buggy (Associate Professor of Occupational and Environmental Studies) from the UCD Centre for Safety and Health at Work. All persons sitting on the committee are classed by the University as Employee Safety Representatives as outlined in Part 4 of the 2005 Safety, Health and Welfare at Work Act.

Employees have a right under this legislation at any time to elect from their number such *Employee Safety Representatives*.

Any persons wishing to act as *Employee Safety Representatives* should contact their Head of School in the first instance or the Chair of the SPHPSS Safety Committee at their convenience.

6.0 Emergency Response Plans

Introduction

The purpose of these emergency response plans is to detail the steps and responses that must be taken in the event of an emergency within the School. Where deemed necessary; individual units within the school may further develop these plans to take account of the individual circumstances in their areas.

The following are deemed as emergencies within the SPHPSS activities at the CFS located at the O'Brien Sciences Centre :

- 1. Fire
- 2. Natural Gas Leak
- 3. Laboratory Gas Alarm Activation
- 4. Loss / Spillage of a Chemical Agent (from adjacent buildings)
- 5. Loss / Spillage of a Biological Agent (from adjacent buildings)
- 6. Chemical Agent Exposure (from adjacent buildings)
- 7. Biological Agent Exposure (from adjacent buildings)
- 8. Personal Injury
- 9. Major Campus Emergency

UCD operates a 24hr / 7 day a week / 365 days a year Emergency Line from which first aid and other emergency management assistance can be obtained. It should only be used to seek assistance in an emergency situation. It is 01 716 7999 (external telephone) / 7999 (internal extension).

Personal Emergency Egress Plans

Personal Emergency Egress Plans (PEEPs) are advisable for staff and students who suffer from a sensory, physical or medical impairment that may make evacuation of a building in an emergency more challenging.

PEEPs are 'personal' plans and are tailored to an individual's needs and help address the challenges that that individual staff member or student may have to face in evacuating a university building in an emergency.

SPHPSS staff and research students who would like to discuss the preparation of a PEEP should inform the SPHPSS Safety Committee and contact the UCD SIRC Office. Taught students who would like to discuss the preparation of a PEEP plan should contact the University Access and Lifelong Leaning Office.

First Aid Procedures

To minimise risk, it is advised that all UCD First Aid Responders should avoid close contact with a person who may require first aid on campus, unless absolutely necessary or if Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) is available.

To request first aid assistance, persons should immediately contact the UCD 24-hour Emergency Line on Ext. 7999 or 01 716 7999 from a mobile.

The 7999 first aid responders have access to PPE and can respond to first aid requests.

6.1 Fire

If you hear the fire alarm:

- 1. Do not panic but prepare to leave the building.
- 2. The alarm will sound continuously; leave the building immediately in an orderly fashion by following the green man running signs to the nearest exit. Please note that this may not be the same way that you entered the building.





- 4. Persons in laboratories and workshops should make their area safe before leaving by turning off equipment where possible, closing chemical containers, securing biological agents, etc.
- 5. Do not use the lift.
- 6. Do not go back to your working area for any reason.
- If for any reason you are unable to leave the building, make your way to a protected stairwell or a room with an external window and shut the door. If possible, inform the emergency line (ext. 7999) or a colleague of your location and the reason why you cannot safely exit the building.
- 8. If safe to do so nominated *Fire Marshals* should inspect their designated areas.
- Proceed to your designated emergency assembly following your departure from the building. The assembly area for the Health Sciences Building are:
 - 1) Pedestrian Area in Front of Computer Centre
 - 2) Car Park to Rear of Student Learning, Leisure and Sports Complex

Full list of all campus assembly areas, see the UCD SIRC Office website

- 10. Report any knowledge you may have of missing or injured persons to a *Fire Marshal*.
- 11. Return to the building only after the *Chief Fire Marshal/ Services Personnel* give the all clear signal.

If you observe a fire:

1. Activate the fire alarm by breaking one off the red wall mounted break glass units



- 2. If it is safe to do so and you have been trained to do so the fire may be tackled using a suitable fire extinguisher, but only if this does not place any person at risk of injury.
- 3. If you decide to fight a fire, ensure that you have a safe and clear means of escape from the fire at all times.
- 4. In the case of chemical fires be aware that many chemicals give off poisonous fumes under fire conditions. Only fight chemical fires if you are certain that it is safe to do so and that the products of combustion can be avoided.
- 5. In the event that you cannot fight the fire, or the fire begins to get out of control evacuate the area immediately.

Fire Extinguisher Types

Aqueous Film Forming Foam

- Red cylinder with a cream-coloured label.
- Suitable for fighting paper, wood, fabric, etc fires.
- Not suitable for use on electrical fires.
- Suitable for use on most chemical fires.

Carbon Dioxide

- Red cylinder with a black label and a black discharge horn.
- Suitable for fighting electrical fires.
- Not suitable for paper or fabric fires as the gas is discharged under pressure and can blow embers around.
- \circ Not suitable for use in a confined space due to the asphyxiant nature of the carbon dioxide.
- \circ $\;$ Discharge horn can get very cold during use.

Dry Powder

- Red cylinder with a blue label.
- Suitable for all types of fires including electrical and chemical.
- Can be very messy and can damage electronic equipment.

To Use a Fire Extinguisher:

- Remove from wall bracket if necessary.
- Break the seal and remove the pin.
- Squeeze handle to test the extinguisher.

- For carbon dioxide extinguishers manually turn discharge horn into position before testing. Once used do not touch the discharge horn again as it gets very cold.
- Fight fire by aiming extinguisher at the base of the fire.

6.2 Natural Gas Leak

- In the event that a natural or laboratory gas leak is suspected then the 24hr Emergency Line (ext. 7999) must be contacted.
- Notify personnel in Health Sciences to evacuate the area.
- Only authorised personnel may interfere with gas safety systems.

6.3 Laboratory Gas Alarm Activation

- There are no Laboratories in the A Block in Health Sciences with Laboratory Gas. However, should any personnel from Health Sciences be present in an adjacent facility when an alarm activates they should follow the direction of that facility's safety personnel.
- In the event of an activation of a laboratory gas alarm, follow local gas alarm response procedures as directed by that facilities safety personnel.

6.4 Loss / Spillage of a Chemical Agent

There are no facilities in Block A of the Health Sciences Centre which have the potential for an emergency response associated with a chemical spill. However, personnel from SHPSS should be aware of the following procedures should they encounter such a spill in another facility on campus in the course of their duties in order to assist (until appropriate personnel arrive) if no responsible personnel are available. At no point should SPHPSS Health Sciences Centre personnel undertake the following procedures unless asked to assist by responsible personnel from that facility. If SPHPSS Health Sciences Centre personnel are not comfortable with assisting, they should indicate so and clear the area as soon as further assistance arrives.

In the case of a spill or leak of a chemical agent the following procedure should be followed by that facility's personnel – if there are no available personnel Estate Services should be contacted immediately:

- In the event that a chemical is spilled or is discovered to have leaked then all persons should be verbally requested to leave the affected area immediately.
- Where possible windows should be opened but all doors shut be kept closed.

- If the spilled material is flammable all possible sources of ignition, including electrical appliances should be turned off if safe to do so.
- The SDS for the chemical concerned should be consulted before dealing with the spillage and the information contained therein utilised to ensure a safe clean-up response – please contact the relevant safety personnel for that facility.
- For large spills (>10 litres / kgs) the University SIRC Office should be informed by dialling 8768 / 8771 or 7999 on an internal telephone.
- In the event that the spillage is deemed safe to deal with a spill kit should be obtained.
- Suitable personal protective equipment should be donned by the persons dealing with the spillage. At the very least safety glasses, gloves and a lab coat should be worn. All spills must be attended by at least two persons.
- The source of the leak should be ascertained and if possible and safe to do so closed or sealed.
 Any damaged containers should be removed and repackaged if possible.
- In the event of liquid spills adsorbent pads or vermiculite should be spread over the spilled material until it is covered. If necessary, absorbent booms should be used to prevent the spillage spreading further.
- Using a dustpan and brush or similar the spilled material along with the absorbent material should be collected and placed into the bag / container contained within the spill kit.
- In the event of the spillage of a solid material the material should be collected using a dustpan and brush and placed into the bag / container contained within the spill kit.
- All wastes and all contaminated items generated by spillages must be disposed of in a suitable manner.
- When dealing with spillages the inhalation of large amounts of vapour or air borne contaminants should be avoided. In the event that a large amount of material is spilled then specialist assistance may be required. Respiratory protection may be required when dealing with large spillages. Persons must note that non-air fed respiratory protection is not a substitute for decreased ambient oxygen levels.
- Some chemicals require specialist responses, e.g. elemental mercury, cyanides, strong acids, etc.
 Reference should be made to a materials' SDS before it is used in the laboratory for the first time and if required any recommended specialist spill response equipment should be sourced and held in a suitable location.

6.5 Loss / Spillage of a Biological Agent

Personnel from SPHPSS CFS should be aware of the following procedures should they encounter such an accidental release their laboratories or at another facility on campus in the course of their

duties in order to assist (until appropriate personnel arrive) if no responsible personnel are available. At no point should SPHPSS CFS personnel undertake the procedures unless they are trained specifically or asked to assist by responsible personnel from that facility. If SPHPSS CFS personnel are not comfortable with assisting, they should indicate so and clear the area as soon as further assistance arrives.

For spillages where aerosols are not likely to be produced persons should don the necessary PPE (gloves and a lab coat at a minimum) and treat the affected area with an appropriate dry disinfectant or cover with tissue paper and apply a liquid disinfectant. The treated area should be allowed to remain long enough for the disinfectant to take effect before being cleaned and the waste material being disposed of accordingly. As a rule, *Virkon* and *Presept* should be used for the treatment of spillages of biological agents. If a different disinfectant is required, then this should be indicated in any relevant risk assessment.

Where a spillage may give rise to aerosols, e.g. during the rupture of a sample tube in a centrifuge, the area must be evacuated, and the droplets allowed time to settle. Persons then wearing appropriate PPE (gloves, lab coat and barrier face mask) may enter the affected area treat the spillage. In some cases, extensive decontamination of the working area may be required. If deemed necessary testing for the presence of the biological agent can be done following the completion of the disinfectant procedure. Respiratory protection may be required when dealing with spillages that have generated aerosols.

6.6 Chemical Agent Exposure

Personnel from SPHPSS CFS should be aware of the following procedures should they encounter such a spill in their laboratories or in another facility on campus in the course of their duties in order to assist (until appropriate personnel arrive), if no responsible personnel are available. At no point should SPHPSS CFS personnel undertake the following procedures unless they are trained specifically or are asked to assist by responsible personnel from that facility. If SPHPSS Health Sciences Centre personnel are not comfortable with assisting, they should indicate so and clear the area as soon as further assistance arrives.

Some agents require specialist first aid responses, e.g. hydrofluoric acid, cyanides, etc. Reference should be made to a material's SDS before it is used for the first time and if required any specialist first aid equipment should be sourced and held in a suitable location and any unusual first aid responses should be noted.

The following are general guidelines for treating exposures to chemical agents.

Inhalation

- Following exposure to an airborne chemical; affected persons should be removed from the source of exposure to fresh air.
- At no time should persons place themselves at risk when trying to remove affected persons from the source exposure.
- If breathing stops then artificial respiration should be administered note this may not be possible if corrosive or toxic materials are on the lips or in the mouth.
- If available, oxygen may also be administered.
- Any exposure which results is vomiting, or unconsciousness must be referred to a medical practitioner.

Skin Contact

- Remove any contaminated clothing and wash (not scrub) the skin with soapy water.
- If required utilise an emergency shower if one is available.
- o If the skin blisters or becomes reddened, then seek medical advice.

Eye Contact

• Wash out eyes with copious amounts of fresh water and seek medical advice.

Ingestion

 \circ $\;$ Refer to the specific Safety Data Sheet (SDS). Always seek medical advice.

For further information contact the <u>National Poisons Centre</u> on 01 809 2166 (7 Days a Week: 8am – 10pm).

If seeking medical advice after a chemical exposure, ensure that the patient has in their possession a copy of the relevant SDS.

6.7 Biological Agent Exposure

Any person who suspects that they may have been exposed to a biological agent must contact the UCD SIRC Office (ext. 8768/ 8771) immediately. Medical assistance / advice must be sought as soon as is possible.

For needle stick / sharps type injuries:

- Cuts caused by sharps should be treated immediately. No attempt should be made to remove broken glass from wounds. Needle stick injuries from contaminated needles should be encouraged to bleed. Wash well under running water and cover with a dry dressing. An attempt should be made to identify any chemical or biological hazard in the needle that may have been injected.
- 2. Apart from very minor injuries, a First Aider should be called.
- 3. In the event of sustaining an accident resulting in a wound:
 - o Immediately wash the wound liberally with soap and water but without scrubbing
 - Do not attempt to remove any glass by hand
 - \circ Gently encourage free bleeding of puncture wounds but do not suck the wound
 - Dry the area and apply a waterproof dressing
 - Seek medical advice if the sharp concerned was contaminated with any hazardous materials

There is no evidence available to show that using antiseptics or squeezing a wound will reduce the risk of transmission of a blood borne pathogen. Using a caustic agent such as bleach to wash a wound is not recommended.

6.8 Personal Injury

In the event that a person suffers an injury that requires first aid treatment then contact the SPHPSS Health Sciences Centre First Aiders immediately:

 Treat the injury using first aid equipment. First aid kits are located in the O'Brien Science Centre Administrative Office and lab S1.25 of the CFS. Trained First Aiders available in the O'Brien Sciences centre are:

<u>Name</u>	Location	<u>Contact details</u>
Lauren Russell	S1.12	ext 2073

- First aid assistance is available 24hours per day from the UCD Emergency Line on internal extension 7999 or 01 716 7999 from an external phone.
- If the emergency services are required, then the 24hr Emergency Line should be contacted and the request made.
- All personal injury or near miss incidents must be reported to the University SIRC Office on an official accident report form which is available from the University SIRC Office.

6.9 Location of Emergency Equipment

Fire Extinguishers

• Fire extinguishers are located throughout all buildings and are readily available in all locations.

First Aid Boxes

- First aid kits are located in the O'Brien Science Centre Administrative Office and lab S1.25 of the CFS. There may be additional first aid boxes located locally - nominated local first aiders can advise on the location of your nearest first aid box.
- First aid equipment is also available via the 24hr emergency line ext. 7999/ 01- 7167999.

Automatic External Defibrillators (AED's)

Automatic External Defibrillators (AEDs) are located throughout the University's Belfield and Blackrock campuses. Refer to <u>UCD SIRC Office website</u> for current locations. For training in the use of defibrillators please contact <u>sirc@ucd.ie.</u>

The closest automated external defibrillators (AEDs) are available and located at the Agriculture & Food Science Services Desk and the Entrance Lobby of the Health Sciences Centre.

6.10 Contacting the Emergency Services

In all instances contacting the Emergency Services must be done via Campus Services using the 24hr Emergency Line (internal extension 7999 or 01 716 7999 from an external phone). Campus Services personnel will then contact the Emergency Services and ensure that they are met upon their arrival on campus and are escorted to the correct location of any incident.

6.11 Personal Emergency Egress Plans

As indicated in the introduction to this section, Personal Emergency Egress Plans (*PEEPS*) are advisable for staff and students who suffer from a sensory, physical or medical impairment that may make evacuation of a building in an emergency more challenging. PEEPS are 'personal' plans and are tailored to an individual's needs and help address the challenges that the particular individual staff member or student may have to face in evacuating a university building in an emergency.

Staff who would like to discuss the preparation of a PEEP should contact the <u>SIRC Office</u>. Students who would like to discuss the preparation of a PEEP plan should contact the <u>University Access and</u> <u>Lifelong Leaning Office</u>. It is advised to inform the SPHPSS Safety Committee of any plans that are in place so that Fire Marshalls can be informed of these plans for any individuals utilising one when based in the SPHPSS Health Sciences Centre.

6.12 Acute Student Situations

The SIRC Office has prepared a guidance document entitled <u>Dealing With Acute Student Situations</u> and Other Emergencies to provide staff members who work in public offices and have face to face interactions with students and members of the public with a set of guidelines for dealing with various types of emergency situations that may arise when dealing with same, e.g. disruptive or threatening behaviour; emotionally distressed students, student or staff injury. All SPHPSS Health Sciences Centre staff and research students should familiarise themselves with this document as part of their duty of care to colleagues within the building and school.

In addition, the <u>UCD Student Mental Health and Wellbeing Policy</u> and further information and useful documents can be found through the website <u>http://www.ucd.ie/students/support/</u> In all instances, contacting the Emergency Services must be done via *Campus Service* using the 24hr Emergency Line (**7999**). Services personnel will then contact the Emergency Services and ensure that they are met upon their arrival on campus and are escorted to the correct location of any incident.

6.13 Campus Emergency

In the event that notification of a major campus incident is received, then all staff and students should adhere to the *Shelter-Shut-Listen* model of response. All SPHPSS Health Sciences Centre staff

and research students should familiarise themselves with this process as part of their duty of care to colleagues within the building and school.

- In the event that a critical incident is notified, then staff and students should shelter in a building, preferably in a secure area with access to a telephone and the UCD computer network.
 Lecturers should direct the students to remain indoors and should seek further information on their behalf via the UCD website, local Services Centre or the emergency line (7999).
- Staff should remain **shut** in their location until they are advised that the incident is over or until they are requested to leave the area.
- In the event that staff are required to evacuate an area the building fire alarm will be used to inform all building occupiers and further instructions will be given upon building evacuation.
- o Unless instructed to do otherwise staff should remain indoors and listen for further instructions.
- Further instructions may be issued via voicemails; website; e-mail; campus siren, etc.

Any fire, personal injury or near miss must be notified to the University SIRC Office using an official incident report form. Such forms can be obtained from the University SIRC Office. Contact <u>sirc@ucd.ie</u> or ext. 8768 / 8771.

6.14 Pandemic / Infectious Disease Outbreak

- Where applicable, UCD will put in place emergency response plans to respond to a pandemic / infectious disease outbreak. Response plans will be developed and updated in line with the prevailing public health advice, and with government and sectoral guidance as appropriate.
- The University will put in place all measures as appropriate and communicate plans and up to date information to all University personnel, as required.
- All university personnel will be responsible for adhering to public health advice and the provisions of the University's response plans.

7.0 Risk Assessments

7.1 Risk Assessment Methodology

It is the aim of *University College Dublin* to identify hazards in the workplace and to control the risks from those hazards in so far as is reasonably practicable. 'Hazard' is defined as the potential to cause harm, while 'risk' is defined as the potential of the hazard to cause harm under the actual circumstances of use. The assessment of risk from the hazards identified is based on the linkage of

the probability of occurrence with the severity of injury or material loss (the hazard effect) resultant from that occurrence.

Probability is determined based on an assessment on how likely it is that an adverse event related to the hazard concerned will occur. Probabilities are graded as:

- Unlikely: the adverse event being considered will occur only rarely.
- *Likely:* the adverse event being considered will occur on a frequent basis
- Very Likely: the adverse event being considered is almost certain to occur

Severity is based on the degree of personal injury or damage to property likely to occur in the event that the adverse event occurs. Severity of outcome is graded as:

- Slightly Harmful: e.g. superficial injuries; minor cuts and bruises; nuisance and irritation; temporary discomfort; minor infection; minor material damage.
- Harmful: e.g. lacerations; burns; concussion; sprains; minor fractures; dermatitis (temporary); asthma (temporary); long term discomfort; infection requiring medical treatment; significant material damage.
- Very Harmful: e.g. fatality; amputation; major fracture; severe poisoning; cancer; life shortening condition / disease; deafness; head injuries; eye injuries; substantial material damage.

The risk assessment matrix below is used to calculate the risk posed by any hazard by linking the probability of an adverse occurrence with the severity of injury or material loss (the hazard effect) resultant from that occurrence.

	Severity of Outcome of Negative Event				
Probability of Negative Event	Slightly Harmful Harmful Very Harm				
Unlikely	trivial risk	acceptable risk	moderate risk		
Likely	acceptable risk	moderate risk	substantial risk		
Very Likely	moderate risk	substantial risk	intolerable risk		

Table 1. Risk Assessment Matrix

- *Trivial Risk:* No further action required.
- Acceptable Risk: No additional risk control / reduction measures required
- Moderate Risk: Further risk control / reduction measures should be considered and implemented were possible. Hazards graded as *Moderate Risk* must be closely managed.
- Substantial Risk: Further risk control / reduction measures must be identified. If the risk cannot be reduced further, then the hazard must be strictly managed, and the frequency and duration

of the hazard must be reduced to as low a level as practicable along with the number of persons exposed to the hazard.

Intolerable Risk: All work involving this hazard is prohibited.

The aim of any risk control / reduction measures identified and implemented are to reduce the residual risk from the hazard to as low a level as is reasonably practicable.

Where practicable, *University College Dublin* commits itself to the elimination of hazards. Where the risk from a hazard cannot be eliminated at source then the University will supply a range of suitable personal protective equipment in order to protect employees where necessary.

Risk assessments will be reviewed regularly by the SPHPSS Safety Committee and when changes in work practises arise within the University or when new activities are introduced. All staff and postgraduate students must be familiar with the contents of the risk assessments that are relevant to their work. Training and further information on workplace safety and risk assessment is available from the <u>University SIRC Office</u>.

Staff and postgraduates working within SPHPSS Health Sciences Centre must review all relevant available risk assessments (see register of risks below) prior to initiating work or undertaking new tasks to establish whether or not these documents identify and manage the hazards associated with their work adequately. In the event that existing risk assessments do not adequately manage the hazards associated with their work employees and postgraduates should either complete their own risk assessments (templates available on <u>UCD SIRC Office website</u>); inform their local Safety Committee or inform the *University SIRC Office*.

<u>Templates</u> to assist in the completion of risk assessments have also been created by the SIRC Office. Assistance and advice in this regard can be obtained from the University SIRC Office. Contact <u>sirc@ucd.ie</u>.

Guidelines on completing risk assessments are available at <u>www.ucd.ie/sirc</u>. Please contact the SPHPSS Safety Committee in advance of completing a risk assessment as there is expertise on the school committee that can provide guidance and can review the completed risk assessment to add to the set of risk assessments utilised in the school.

An <u>Office Safety Handbook</u> which outlines the risk associated with working in an office environment is available for review by persons who work in said environment.

For those persons, who as part of their duties have to meet members of the public face to face or engage in 'home visits' or other fieldwork activities, reference should be made to the <u>Home visits</u> - <u>Face to face Safety Guidelines</u> and the <u>Fieldwork Safety Manual</u> in advance for guidelines, detailed safety information and when completing a <u>Fieldwork Risk Assessment</u>.

7.2 SPHPSS Centre for Food Safety Register of Risks

The following risk assessments are deemed to be relevant to the operations of the *SPHPSS Health Sciences Centre.* The most current versions of these risk assessments are available on the <u>UCD SIRC</u> <u>Office website</u>.

Persons working within the SPHPSS Centre for Food Safety must make themselves familiar with the contents of all risk assessments which are relevant to their assigned duties and work in accordance with the provisions contained therein.

Table 2. UCD School of Public Health, Physiotherapy and Sports Science: Centre for Food SafetyRegister of Risk Assessments

<u>General Risk Assessments</u> These risk assessments may apply to all persons working within the SPHPSS Health Sciences Centre or undertaking duties on behalf of their activities associated with their role at SPHPSS Health Sciences Centre.						
Risk Assessment Number	Title	Risk Rating	Comment			
UCDA1	Manual Handling (General)	Acceptable Risk				
UCDA2	Access and Egress	Acceptable Risk				
UCDA3	Bullying and Harassment	Moderate Risk				
UCDA4	Workplace Housekeeping	Acceptable Risk				
UCDA5	<u>Pregnant Employees</u> <u>(General)</u>	n/a	Contact UCD SIRC Office to arrange Risk Assessment			
UCDA6	<u>Home Working</u>	Trivial Risk	Each unit should discuss with their line manager arrangements for home working. SPHPSS Safety Committee can be contacted regarding homeworking ergonomic guidelines.			
UCDA7	Presence on a Third Party Site (General)	Moderate Risk				
UCDA8	<u>Kitchen / Tea Making</u> <u>Areas</u>	Trivial Risk				
UCDA9	Driving / Use of Vehicles	Substantial Risk	If undertaking fieldwork that requires driving please contact SPHPSS Safety Committee			
UCDA10	Foreign Travel	Acceptable Risk				
UCDA11	Lone Working (General)	n/a	Risk rating to be decided on an individual basis			
UCDA12	Workplace Stress	Moderate Risk				
UCDA13	<u>Use of Passenger / Goods</u> <u>Lifts</u>	Trivial Risk				
UCDA14	<u>Noise (General)</u>	Acceptable Risk				
UCDA15	<u>Use of Personal Protective</u> Equipment (General)	Trivial Risk	There are no laboratories or processes in situ in SPHPSS Health Sciences Centre that require the use of PPE. However, should individuals wish to use PPE to prevent infectious disease spread (e.g. during flu			

			season), individuals can do that of their own volition.
UCDA16	Travel Within Ireland	Acceptable Risk	
UCDA17	<u>Violence and Aggression</u> (General)	Acceptable Risk	Please refer to the SIRC Office guidance document entitled <u>Dealing With Acute Student</u> <u>Situations and Other</u> <u>Emergencies</u>
UCDA18	<u>Fire (General)</u>	Moderate Risk	
UCDA19	Electricity (General)	Moderate Risk	
These risk access		isk Assessments	a any ironment within the CDUDSS
These risk assessi	ments may apply to persons w	orking within an offic	e environment within the SPHPSS
Risk Assessment	ments may apply to persons w		e environment within the SPHPSS Comment
Risk Assessment Number	ments may apply to persons w Health Title	vorking within an offic Sciences Centre Risk Rating	
Risk Assessment	ments may apply to persons w Health Title <u>Office Safety (General)</u>	vorking within an offic Sciences Centre	Comment
Risk Assessment Number	ments may apply to persons w Health Title	vorking within an offic Sciences Centre Risk Rating	
Risk Assessment Number UCDB1	ments may apply to persons w Health Title <u>Office Safety (General)</u> <u>Use of Display Screen</u>	vorking within an offic Sciences Centre Risk Rating Acceptable Risk	Comment Contact SIRC Office to arrange
Risk Assessment Number UCDB1 UCDB2	ments may apply to persons w Health Title <u>Office Safety (General)</u> <u>Use of Display Screen</u> <u>Equipment</u>	vorking within an offic Sciences Centre Risk Rating Acceptable Risk Acceptable Risk	Comment Contact SIRC Office to arrange

<u>Chemical Agents Risk Assessments</u> These risk assessments may apply to persons working with chemical agents within the School					
Risk Assessment Number	Title	Risk Rating	Comment		
UCDC1	<u>Handling And Use Of</u> <u>Chemical Agents</u> <u>(General)</u>	Moderate Risk	For general guidance purposes only. Reference should be made to the more specific risk assessments for chemical agents. In the event that no risk assessment is available for a chemical agent then the user must arrange for one to be completed prior to using the agent for the first time.		
UCDC2	<u>Storage Of Chemical</u> <u>Agents (General)</u>	Moderate Risk	The large scale storage of chemical agents (i.e. 00's of litres / kgs may require the completion of a more specific risk assessment).		
UCDC3	Handling And Use Of Flammable Liquids /	Acceptable Risk			

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	Organic Solvents		
	<u>(General)</u>		
UCDC4	Cryogenic Liquids	Acceptable	
	<u>(General)</u>	Risk	
UCDC5	Use Of Compressed	Acceptable	
	Gases (General)	Risk	
UCDC6	Use and Handling Of	Acceptable	
	Corrosive Chemicals	Risk	
	(General)		
UCDC7	Use and Handing Of	Moderate	
	Hydrofluoric Acid	Risk	
	(General)		
UCDC8	Use and Handling Of	Moderate	
	Cyanide Compounds	Risk	
	(General)		
UCDC9	Use and Handling Of	Acceptable	
	Mercury And Mercuric	Risk	
	<u>Compounds (General)</u>	_	
UCDC10	Use and Handling Of	Acceptable	
OCDCIU	Organic Peroxide	Risk	
	Compounds (General)	Nisk	
UCDC11		Accontable	
UCDCII	Use and Handling Of	Acceptable Risk	
	Potentially Explosive	NISK	
1100012	Materials (General)	A	
UCDC12	Use and Handling Of	Acceptable	
	Laboratory Diagnostic	Risk	
	<u>Kits (General)</u>		
UCDC13	Use and Handling Of	Moderate	For general guidance purposes
	Carcinogens and	Risk	only. A specific risk
	<u>Mutagens (General)</u>		assessments for every
			carcinogen and mutagen in use
			must be completed prior to
			using the agent for the first
			time.
UCDC14	Use and Handling Of	Acceptable	
	Teratogens And	Risk	
	Reproductive Toxins		
	<u>(General)</u>		
UCDC15	Use and Handling Of	Acceptable	
	Irritants, Harmful Agents	Risk	
	and Sensitisers (General)		
UCDC16	Use and Handling Of	Acceptable	
	Toxic Agents (General)	Risk	
UCDC17	Use and Handling Of Dry	Acceptable	
	Ice (General)	Risk	
L		1	

	Ac	Dealing With Chemical Spillages	UCDC18	
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These risk assess	Biological Agents Risk Asses . ments may apply to persons working with		vithin the school
Risk Assessment Number	Title	Residual Risk Rating	Comment
UCDD1	Handling and Use Of Class 1 Biological Agents	Trivial Risk	
UCDD2	Handling and Use Of Class 2 Biological Agents	Acceptable Risk	
UCDD3	Use and Propagation Of Cell Lines (General)	Acceptable Risk	
UCDD4	Handling and Use Of Biological Material Of Human / Animal Origin	Acceptable Risk	
UCDD5	Diagnostic Laboratories (General)	Acceptable Risk	
UCDD6	Handling and Use Of Class 3 Biological Agents	Acceptable Risk	
UCDD7	<u>Centrifugation Of Biological Samples</u> (General)	Acceptable Risk	
UCDD8	Dealing With Biological Agent Spillages	Acceptable Risk	
These risk asses	Laboratory Risk Assessme sments may apply to persons engaged in	laboratory work wit	hin the school
Number		Residual Risk	_
	Title	Residual Risk Rating	Comment
		Rating	Comment
UCDE1 UCDE2	Use of Centrifuges (General)	Rating Acceptable Risk	Comment
UCDE1		Rating	Comment
UCDE1 UCDE2	Use of Centrifuges (General) Use Of Autoclaves (General) Use Of Bunsen / Gas Burners	Rating Acceptable Risk Acceptable Risk	Comment
UCDE1 UCDE2 UCDE3	Use of Centrifuges (General) Use Of Autoclaves (General) Use Of Bunsen / Gas Burners (General) Cold Rooms / Walk In Freezers	RatingAcceptable RiskAcceptable RiskAcceptable Risk	Comment
UCDE1 UCDE2 UCDE3 UCDE4	Use of Centrifuges (General) Use Of Autoclaves (General) Use Of Bunsen / Gas Burners (General) Cold Rooms / Walk In Freezers (General)	RatingAcceptable RiskAcceptable RiskAcceptable RiskAcceptable RiskAcceptable Risk	Comment
UCDE1 UCDE2 UCDE3 UCDE4 UCDE5	Use of Centrifuges (General) Use Of Autoclaves (General) Use Of Bunsen / Gas Burners (General) Cold Rooms / Walk In Freezers (General) Use Of Fridges / Freezers (General) Use of Laboratory Glassware	RatingAcceptable RiskAcceptable RiskAcceptable RiskAcceptable RiskTrivial RiskAcceptable RiskAcceptable RiskAcceptable Risk	Comment
UCDE1 UCDE2 UCDE3 UCDE4 UCDE5 UCDE5 UCDE6 UCDE7 UCDE8	Use of Centrifuges (General) Use Of Autoclaves (General) Use Of Bunsen / Gas Burners (General) Cold Rooms / Walk In Freezers (General) Use Of Fridges / Freezers (General) Use of Laboratory Glassware (General) Use Of Laboratory Ovens (General) Use Of Microwave Ovens (General)	RatingAcceptable RiskAcceptable RiskAcceptable RiskAcceptable RiskTrivial RiskAcceptable RiskAcceptable RiskAcceptable RiskAcceptable RiskAcceptable RiskAcceptable Risk	Comment
UCDE1 UCDE2 UCDE3 UCDE4 UCDE5 UCDE5 UCDE6 UCDE7 UCDE8 UCDE9	Use of Centrifuges (General) Use Of Autoclaves (General) Use Of Bunsen / Gas Burners (General) Cold Rooms / Walk In Freezers (General) Use Of Fridges / Freezers (General) Use of Laboratory Glassware (General) Use Of Laboratory Ovens (General) Use Of Microwave Ovens (General) Use Of Sharps (General)	RatingAcceptable RiskAcceptable Risk	Comment
UCDE1 UCDE2 UCDE3 UCDE4 UCDE5 UCDE5 UCDE6 UCDE7 UCDE8	Use of Centrifuges (General) Use Of Autoclaves (General) Use Of Bunsen / Gas Burners (General) Cold Rooms / Walk In Freezers (General) Use Of Fridges / Freezers (General) Use of Laboratory Glassware (General) Use Of Laboratory Ovens (General) Use Of Microwave Ovens (General)	RatingAcceptable RiskAcceptable RiskAcceptable RiskAcceptable RiskTrivial RiskAcceptable RiskAcceptable RiskAcceptable RiskAcceptable RiskAcceptable RiskAcceptable Risk	Comment
UCDE1 UCDE2 UCDE3 UCDE4 UCDE5 UCDE5 UCDE6 UCDE7 UCDE8 UCDE9	Use of Centrifuges (General) Use Of Autoclaves (General) Use Of Bunsen / Gas Burners (General) Cold Rooms / Walk In Freezers (General) Use Of Fridges / Freezers (General) Use of Laboratory Glassware (General) Use Of Laboratory Ovens (General) Use Of Microwave Ovens (General) Use Of Sharps (General)	RatingAcceptable RiskAcceptable Risk	Comment

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UCDE13	User Of Rotary Evaporators (General)	Acceptable Risk	
UCDE14	Use Of UV Light Sources	Acceptable Risk	
UCDE15	<u>Gel Electrophoresis - Non Chemical</u> <u>Risks (General)</u>	Acceptable Risk	
UCDE16	Use Of Laboratory Personal Protective Equipment	Trivial Risk	
UCDE17	Use Of Microtomes (General)	Acceptable Risk	
UCDE18	Use Of Laboratory Pumps (General)	Acceptable Risk	
UCDE19	Electrical Safety In The Lab	Moderate Risk	
UCDE20	Fire Safety In The Lab	Moderate Risk	
UCDE21	Manual Handling In The Lab	Acceptable Risk	
UCDE22	Laboratory Waste Disposal	Acceptable Risk	
UCDE23	Laboratory Personal Hygiene	Acceptable Risk	
UCDE24	Use Of Water / Oil Baths (General)	Acceptable Risk	
Risk Assessment Number	Title	Residual Risk Rating	Comment
UCDE25	Use Of Hot Air Guns (General)	Acceptable Risk	
UCDE26	Use Of Wax Baths (General)	Acceptable Risk	
UCDE27	Use Of Ice Makers (General)	Trivial Risk	
UCDE28	Dissection (General)	Acceptable Risk	
UCDE29	Use Of Hand Sanitizers / Soaps (General)	Acceptable Risk	
UCDE30	Handling And Use Of Disinfectants (General)	Acceptable Risk	
UCDE31	Use of Lasers (General)	Acceptable Risk	
UCDE32	Use Of Laboratory Analytical Equipment (General)	Acceptable Risk	

Radiation Safety Risk Assessments These risk assessments may apply to persons working with radioactive materials within the School.					
Risk Assessment Number	Title	Risk Rating	Comment		
UCDG1	Handling And Use Of Radioisotopes (General)	Moderate Risk			
UCDG2	Use Of X Ray Equipment (General)	Moderate Risk			

Health Sciences And Allied Subjects Risk Assessments These risk assessments may apply to persons engaged in health sciences / health care and similar type work			
Risk Assessment Number	Title	Risk Rating	Comment
UCDP1	Patient Handling (General)	Moderate	

UCDP2	Infection Control During Teaching Activities (Non Invasive)	Acceptable	
UCDP3	Working With Cadavers And Associated Material (General)	Acceptable	
Risk Assessment Number	Title	Risk Rating	Comment
UCDP4	Bedside Oxygen Supply	Acceptable	
UCDP5	Use Of Volunteers For Teaching Purposes (General)	Acceptable	
UCDP6	Pregnant Employees (Health Sciences)	n/a	Contact Safety Office to arrange assessment
UCDP7	Use Of Mercury Containing Equipment	Acceptable	
UCDP8	Use Of UV Hand Inspection Light Boxes	Trivial	
UCDP9	Use Of AED's For Teaching Purposes (General)	Acceptable	
UCDP10	Manipulation / Handling Of Teaching Subjects	Acceptable	
UCDP11	Use and Handling Of Artificial Blood and Urine	Acceptable	
UCDP12	Use Of Lancets	Acceptable	
UCDP13	<u>Use Of Compressors To Inflate</u> <u>Mannequins</u>	Acceptable	
UCDP14	Use Of Pharmaceutical For Teaching Purposes	Acceptable	
UCDP15	Injection Of Subjects For Teaching Purposes (General)	Acceptable	

<u>Fieldwork Risk Assessments</u> These risk assessments may apply to persons engaged in fieldwork.				
Risk Assessment Number	Title	Risk Rating	Comment	
UCDH1	<u>Fieldwork (General)</u>	Acceptable Risk	For general guidance purposes only. Reference should be made to the <u>UCD Fieldwork Safety</u> <u>Guidelines.</u> In some cases an expedition specific risk assessment will be required.	
UCDH2	<u>Leptospirosis (Fieldwork)</u>	Acceptable Risk	It is unlikely that anyone with a role in Woodview House would be undertaking fieldwork that would put them at risk from Leptospirosis (e.g., river sampling), however in the event such a task was being undertaken please contact the SPHPSS Safety Committee for practical risk awareness guidance.	
UCDH3	<u>Home Visits – Face to Face</u> <u>Interviews</u>	Acceptable Risk	All face to face visits as part of a research protocol should be evaluated through the UCD HREC Ethical Approval Process in consultation with the project PI. Should the PI consider there to be any danger to a researcher please contact the SPHPSS Safety Committee for advice before referral to SIRC.	

8.0 COVID19 Risk Management

Vice Presidents / College Principals / Heads of Schools / Institute Directors / Managers of Facilities / Heads of Units / Other Senior Managers will:

- Ensure where necessary a task specific Covid 19 Risk Assessment is completed
- Ensure that persons in their area adhere to all of the provisions of the <u>Return to Campus</u> <u>Guide</u>
- Ensure Work Pods and associated novel working practices and risk control measures are implemented as required

All Employees and Researchers will:

• Have completed the mandatory online Covid 19 Induction training

- When on campus adhere to the provisions of the <u>Return to Campus Guide</u> and current public health advice
- Make themselves aware of the signs and symptoms of Covid 19 and monitor their own wellbeing
- Not access the campus if they are unwell or have been advised to self-isolate
- Self-isolate at home and contact their GP promptly for further advice if they display any signs or symptoms
- Comply with the mandatory requirement to record daily attendance on the campus via the University's <u>online system</u>, or any other local arrangements as may be in place.
- Adhere at all times to risk control measures as identified through risk assessment

If any employee or researcher experiences Covid 19 symptoms when on campus they must immediately call the Emergency Line on ext. 7999 / 01 716 7999 and await further instructions.

9.0 Appendices

Appendix 1: UCD SIRC Office Guidance Documents and Templates

1. UCD Risk Assessment Templates

- Biological Agent Risk Assessment Template
- <u>Chemical Agents Risk Assessment Template</u>
- Fieldwork Risk Assessment Template
- Home Working Risk Assessment Template
- Lone Working Risk Assessment Template
- <u>Machinery / Equipment Risk Assessment Template</u>
- Manual Handling Risk Assessment Template

2. UCD Guidance Documents and Manuals

- Dealing with Acute Situations and Other Emergencies Health and Safety Guidelines
- Fieldwork Safety Guidelines
- <u>Guide for School/ Units Hosting Researchers, Work Experience Students or Unpaid</u>
 Volunteers
- Health and Safety Management A Guide for Managers
- Home Visits: Face-to-Face Interview Safety Guidelines
- Homeworking Safety Guidelines
- Office Safety Manual
- <u>Travel Safety Guidelines</u>

3. UCD Checklists

Self-Audit Checklist

4. Emergency Response Posters

• Fire Evacuation Poster

Appendix 2: School of Public Health, Physiotherapy and Sports Science Centre for Food Safety

Fire Evacuation Notice

